

The Gazette is the HOME PAPER.  
That's why you will find in it the advertisement of every business man who sells things for the home.

NO. 11,698 41ST YEAR

# COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1912

Bun rises today, 5:64; sets, 5:20.  
Mean temperature yesterday, 47.  
Weather today—Fair.  
Sunshine yesterday, 100 per cent of possible.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

## COPPER STRIKE MAY CAUSE OTHERS IN WESTERN CAMPS

General Walker Predicted Should Strike Breakers Be Sent to Bingham, Utah

BINGHAM, Utah, Sept. 22.—When it became known to-night that strike-breakers were being advertised for in Denver and other cities, union leaders here were of the opinion that those hired would be brought to Bingham. They accepted the news as a foregone conclusion of the Utah Copper company's plans. All the union leaders agreed in that tomorrow or Tuesday will see the first steps for supremacy between the strikers and the company. The other companies are depending on the Utah Copper company, which has 2,800 men out to take the initiative. To start mine steam shovels would require only 150 strike breakers on the main workings, as the skilled machinists are not on strike and will go back to work when assured of protection.

"Our first step to counteract this attempt to avoid meeting our demands," said J. C. Looney, executive board member of the Western Federation of Miners, "will be to put our threat into effect and call out union men in the copper mines of Ely, Nev., Kelton, Ariz., Santa Rita, N. M., and other places where the owners of the Utah Copper company have interests. The zinc mines at Butte, Mont., also will be included."

J. G. Skidmore, employment agent for the Utah Copper company, is said to be in California, and the strikers believe he is there for the purpose of recruiting strike-breakers. They have charged Skidmore with practicing the espionage system among Greek employees, and their alleged grievance against him is one of the causes of the strike.

### Quiet at Mines Yesterday.

Absolute quiet prevailed here today. The 4,500 miners who walked out Wednesday from the Utah Copper company's property, gathered in small groups on the streets; but only the guards, on patrol armed with rifles, indicated the existence of a strike. Nearly 50 more men were added to Sheriff Joseph Sharp's force of deputy sheriffs today, the total now being 50.

Officers of the Utah Copper company remained silent on their plans to break the strike, but preparations indicate

### FIRE IN HAXTUN, COLO., CAUSES \$50,000 LOSS

HAXTUN, Colo., Sept. 22.—Fire here today destroyed the Anderson Cement company's building, the Palace Drug store, the Farmers State bank, the Anderson Furniture store, and the Pendris residence. The Herald Printing office and Bryant's store were saved from destruction by the efforts of citizens who formed bucket brigades.

The loss is estimated at \$50,000, partly covered by insurance. The fire started in the Anderson furniture store and is believed to have been of incendiary origin.

### HEIR BORN TO MR. AND MRS. ALFRED VANDERBILT

BALTIMORE, Sept. 22.—The birth of a son to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt was announced in a cablegram today from Betchworth, Surrey, England, to Mrs. C. Hazeltine Bagot of this city. Mrs. Vanderbilt's mother,

### LEON GANDILLOT DEAD

PARIS, Sept. 22.—Leon Gandillot, the dramatist, died at his home here today.

### CUBA FACES A CRISIS; REPUBLIC GOES BROKE

Treasury Empty and Last of \$16,500,000 Spanish Loan Spent Months Ago

HAVANA, Sept. 22.—It is felt generally here that Cuba is approaching a crisis in its history as a republic. Two serious questions occupy the public mind: Can Cuba survive the present state of her finances? Can she hold an honest and orderly election for the presidency, with a loyal submission to the defeated party to the will of the majority?

The press continues to be filled with pessimistic articles bewailing the financial and political peril that beset the republic. Careful estimates show that the Gomez administration has spent during its two and a half years at least \$140,000,000. Reports declare that the only hope for Cuba lies in cutting down the expenses at least 50 per cent.

### MENOCAL LINED UP WITH LIBERALS.

The present aspect of the political situation appears to justify reasonable expectations that Gen. Mario Menocal can carry the election, especially as he has just formed an alliance with the wing of the Liberal party under the leadership of Gen. Ernesto Aspert, governor of Havana province.

Both Conservatives and Liberals are making strong bids for the negro vote, the former endeavoring to excite the animosity of the negroes against the Liberals on account of fatalities to men of their race during the last insurrection in Oriente, and the latter endeavoring to placate them by promises of unconditional pardon of negro prisoners.

Defaulted Last Month.

Last month the government default-



## TWO MEASURES ARE DISCUSSED

### HOME RULE BILL; RECALL JUDICIAL DECISIONS

City Attorney C. L. McKesson and J. L. Bennett Talk Before Open Forum

Plan to Resume Work Soon.

Many cars and much bedding came in by train tonight and was stored at one of the company's boarding houses where strike breakers will be housed if the company is unable to prevail upon its former employees to return to work. General Manager D. C. Jackling has asserted his intention to resume operations soon, and as the union leaders say that their forces are holding firm, it is expected that a small force of men will be imported from Salt Lake to start operations.

The improvised breastworks of the strikers on the side of the hill opposite the Utah Copper company's main workings were deserted today. Deputy sheriffs patrolled the company's property. No shots were fired. All saloons here are closed.

### BENO BEATS BURGLARS; HAD \$1,000 IN STOCKING WHICH FOOTPADS MISS

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## NEW CHURCH AND RESIDENT PASTOR

### CHRIST UNIVERSALIST TO HAVE OWN BUILDING

Dr. McGlaulin, General Superintendent, Gives Two Addresses in Springs

### PROBING NEW YORK POLICE SCANDALS

Above, from left to right: William A. DeFord, William J. Flynn, Emory R. Buckner. Below is William J. Burns. DeFord is District Attorney Whitman's assistant and has been assigned special prosecutor in the hearing of the Rosenthal murder cases and police department graft charges by Justice Goff.

Flynn is to resign from the secret service to assist the aldermanic police graft investigation. Buckner, former assistant district attorney, gave the bill his unqualified endorsement.

"All the business of Colorado Springs has been done for a period of about four years on the theory that our charter is constitutional in every respect," said Mr. McKesson, "but there now are certain suits before the supreme court for decision which, if decided adversely to the charters of Colorado

Springs, Pueblo and Grand Junction, would mean that all the acts of our officials for the last four years were illegal. It would be a source of terrible expense and untold litigation. If the people of the state pass this bill for municipal home rule, such a danger will be avoided.

It is of vital importance to the community that the people vote on this bill in large numbers, and vote favorably."

Someone, speaking from the floor, said that he understood most of the bills to be presented to the people for vote had been hurriedly drawn and contained clauses that were more or less in the nature of "jokers." He asked Mr. McKesson if this were the case with regard to the municipal home rule bill.

"By no means," replied McKesson. "This bill has been drafted and studied by the most capable lawyers in the state. I recommend it most heartily to the favorable vote of our people at election time."

### On Recall Judicial Decisions.

In discussing the bill which will bring about the so-called recall of judicial decisions, J. L. Bennett expressed himself as most strongly in favor of the principle contained in the bill that the people should ultimately decide as to whether or not they wished a bill to be considered constitutional.

"But," he said, "this bill contains a joker that makes it, in my opinion, absolutely objectionable and dangerous. It provides that if any city charter shall contain a clause which the supreme court of the state shall decide to be unconstitutional, this decision of the court shall be overruled if the people of the city in question shall vote to uphold the clause of the charter rejected by the supreme court.

"Such a decision would result in making every city of 2,000 inhabitants an independent kingdom in the state, and would be productive of all sorts of evils. I am in favor of the principle, but I advise very strongly that this particular bill be defeated by the people at the November election."

The Open Forum will hold meetings regularly now every Sunday evening until after election, and, with the exception of next Sunday evening, will consider the initiated measures at all prelection meetings. The opportunity offered the people to get acquainted with these important measures is something that no intelligent voter can well afford to neglect.

### WHITE AND EMPORIA ALLOW T. R. TO REST

Chief Bull Moose Prepared to Carry His Campaign Into Missouri

### EMPORIA, KAN., Sept. 22.—William A. White, assisted by Old Tom, took charge of Colonel Roosevelt today and gave him the most peaceful Sunday he has had since the campaign opened.

Mr. White, who is Progressive national committee man, was Colonel Roosevelt's host. Old Tom is Mr. White's horse, which has been in the family so long that either his exact age has been forgotten or else it is no longer mentioned. Old Tom jogged soberly to church with Colonel Roosevelt this morning and in the afternoon ambled through the quiet, shaded streets of Emporia while the colonel took the air.

Colonel Roosevelt and Mr. White sat on the front seat of the family carriage and shared the responsibilities of piloting Old Tom while the rest of the party rode behind. Colonel Roosevelt said, as they moved along, that he always did his horses better than automobile.

For more than a year the local congregation of Christ Universalist church has been without pastor. Dr. McGlaulin said last night that he will make recommendations to the board of trustees, he believed, furnish the means of answering the religious problems of the day. Both sermons were forcible and well appreciated by the congregation.

At both the morning and evening services yesterday, held in Odd Fellows hall, the Rev. Mr. McGlaulin occupied the pulpit. In the morning he spoke on the subject "The Religious Demands of Today." These demands he considered to be Religious sincerity, conformity to the laws of advancement, the satisfying of the understanding, and a helpful and practical religion.

Last night he spoke on "Why the Universalist Church?" The demands of religion, on which he spoke in the morning, are fulfilled in the Universalist church, he said. This denomination, he believed, furnishes the means of answering the religious problems of the day. Both sermons were forcible and well appreciated by the congregation.

Officials of the department tonight said no importance is to be attached to the circular, which asks that the troops be withdrawn "in the name of humanity," and desires in vigorous language that Central Americans receive the measures taken by the United States.

Confirmation of the reported occupancy of Granada by Admiral Southard was received at the state department in a dispatch from the admiral. The dispatch indicated that the passage from Managua was made without serious opposition, from the rebels.

### WHITE AND EMPORIA ALLOW T. R. TO REST

OFF SOUVENIR FIENDS WHO RUSH FOR RELICS

### LUMBER DEALERS' CASE TO BE TRIED WEDNESDAY

GREELEY, Sept. 22.—The date for the hearing of officers of the Colorado Lumber Dealers' Association, set for tomorrow, has been changed to Wednesday. Attorney General Benjamin Griffiths has urged the lumber dealers to appear and answer why the association should not be dissolved. The hearing will be before Judge Harry Gamble of Boulder. The action against the lumber dealers followed the presentation of evidence of the Weld county grand jury last summer.

### FIFTIETH ANNIVERSARY OF EMANCIPATION EDICT

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The 50th anniversary of President Lincoln's preliminary proclamation, giving warning of the emancipation edict of January 1, 1863, was celebrated in the negro churches of Washington and throughout the country today. The celebration continues four days.

## INCREASED COST OF LIVING IS SHOWN BY GOVERNMENT

During Last Ten Years Advance in Some Foods More Than 100 Per Cent

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The most marked upward trend of the cost of living is disclosed in the federal bureau of labor's report of an investigation of prices for the last 10 years, conducted in the important industrial centers of 32 states. Fifteen important articles of goods, as well as coal comprising two-thirds of a working man's needs, their grip on the market. Shipments were investigated. In many cities the new potatoes will come in freely in a few weeks, they had to let go.

Portland, Ore.—Raise of prices for beef and pork is due to shortage of stock.

This was the showing made for the food prices in the last year, according to the report, on the foods investigated:

Decrease in price: Smoked bacon, 1 per cent.

Increase in price: Fresh milk, 24; smoked ham, 23; hens, 38; granulated sugar, 6; Irish potatoes, 7.6; wheat flour, 10.7; pork chops, 11.2; pure lard, 11.3; fresh eggs, 11.8; corn meal, 12.7; creamy butter, 16.3; sirloin steak, 17.1; rib roast, 17.5; round steak, 18.6.

Advance During 10 Years.

The advance during the decade, compared with the price June 15 last, with the average for the 10 years follows: Granulated sugar, 8.6 per cent; fresh eggs, 26.1; fresh milk, 32.8; creamy butter, 33.3; wheat flour, 39.3; pure lard, 55.3; hens, 58.1; sirloin steak, 59.5; smoked hams, 61.3; corn meal, 63.7; rib roast, 63.8; round steak, 84; round chops, 86; smoked bacon, 96.7; Irish potatoes, 111.2.

Bituminous coal advanced in 17 out of 32 cities, the prices remained unchanged in 12 cities and declined in three cities.

### JEALOUS SUITOR KILLS SHOW GIRL; HANGS SELF

VINCENNES, Ind., Sept. 23.—Miss Lucille May, aged 17, ingenue with a stock company playing at a local theater, was shot and killed early today by Thomas H. Davis, a jealous suitor, who then attempted to shoot himself but the cartridge jammed.

After the shooting, which occurred in a restaurant, Davis coolly walked into the street where he was arrested. A few hours after Davis was placed in jail, his body was found hanging from a bar, suspended by a towel. He had no connection with the stock company.

Davis told the police his home was in London, England, and that he was exmiddleweight champion, having fought under the name of Harry Hector. He was 36 years old. Among his effects were several unmailed letters containing, in all, \$1,200. One of the letters was addressed to his wife, Mrs. T. H. Davis of Bridgeville, Pa., and told of his plan to kill Miss May and himself.

### MEXICAN COMMITS MURDER

TRINIDAD, Sept. 22.—Jose Lopez fired three bullets from a 44-caliber revolver into the body of Juan Montoya here tonight. Montoya died instantly. Arrested a few minutes after the shooting, Lopez, who came here recently from Old Mexico, told the police he had quarreled with Montoya outside a saloon and that the latter threatened to whip him.

### CONFIRMATION OF OCCUPANCY OF GRANADA

Confirmation of the reported occupancy of Granada by Admiral Southard was received at the state department in a dispatch from the admiral. The dispatch indicated that the passage from Managua was made without serious opposition, from the rebels.

The British government has recommended all employers to give Saturday afternoons as a day of rest. The executive body of the Presbyterian church has issued a manifesto declaring that the home rule bill threatens religious freedom, and setting apart the day as one for worship and prayer.

### WOMEN PLAN DEMONSTRATION



We are showing a great variety of exclusive creations in Soft Hats. As usual, our Soft Hats are one year ahead in finishes, mixtures and effects not to be found in other makes until next year.

Be sure to see them. \$3 to \$6



FURNITURE  
AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS  
Cash or Credit

*The Peerless*

208½ N. Tejon. Opp. North Park

HORSE BLANKETS AND  
FEED BAGS.  
OUT WEST TENT & AWN-  
ING CO.  
113½ N. Tejon St.

QUILTS  
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TIE PEARL,

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What the Press  
Agents Say

"THE COMMON LAW"  
AT THE GRAND

The dramatization of "The Common Law" by Robert W. Chambers, A. H. Woods' splendid and unusually successful production, which comes to the Grand Opera house, Saturday next, September 28, as in the case of most novels dramatized, does not follow the book too closely, inasmuch as the stage requirements demand action and speed, brevity and terseness and a comprehensive grasp of the story such as no book could be. A dramatization is like an impressionistic picture, the high lights stand out in bold relief from the shadows, and the result, though nothing when looked at closely, becomes a beautiful picture regarded at some distance.

In presenting a story in book form, it is possible for the reader to go back and read over again any point upon which he has the slightest doubt. It is obvious that on the stage such a proceeding is impossible. It would never do, because someone in the audience does not understand a particular line to stop the play and do it all over again for the benefit of one person. Thus a stage story must be told plainly and in the most uncluttered manner. There must be no doubt or speculation on the part of the audience as to what a line or situation



SCENE FROM "BEVERLY OF GRAUSTARK" AT THE GRAND OPERA HOUSE TONIGHT.

*The Burns*  
ALL THIS WEEK  
"Paid in Full"

A New York success—first time liberated for work. This is a stirring, modern drama by Eugene Walter.

NIGHT PRICES—75c to 25c. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 50c to 25c. Prompt curtain.

#### NEWS NOTES FROM THE BURNS

Phone 229 for seats for "Paid in Full." All the week, Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Full stage rehearsals promised a finished presentation tonight.

"It's a play off today." Despite delays in receipt of MSS. diligent work on the part of our capable company enables us to assure our patrons that it will be played in style and on time.

The Burns' own stars, players and others—heavily a profit that all combine to live up to in showing it might read. Well, be there with the goods! But remember this: "To see the best in the best way, you must go to The Burns."

Yes, Mr. Delamater, Mr. Aspinwall and our new lead, has been delayed but he is now in. We take great pleasure in introducing the Springs with this first-class actor. He has played most successfully a 10 week's season at Monroeville and just completed engagements in Jersey City and New York. We have his wire to the effect that he will be at Liberal (Wednesday, September 25).

The Burns will always be kept clean, well-ventilated and at even temperature. We have every modern appliance for these comforts.

Remember "Paid in Full" on this week, Wednesday and Saturday matinees. Sure to please.

Prices: Nights, 75c to 25c matines.

25c to 25c. A stock company, running a long season, has of necessity a wide range of parts to fill, and sometimes it will happen that in physical proportions they do not exactly fit the character. It would require "too big a company" (too large in numbers), to be able to do the exact thing in, say, 20 bills, even with a company of 20.

The public need have no fear but that we shall fill the bill, as there is too much of our reputation to play any pranks on the public. Come and see "Paid in Full."

Last night must not expect to be seated after curtain is raised. This rule of any good theater must be lived up to in fairness to those already seated. Please help us to avoid friction.

We can send wild life up to our motor. To see the best, in the best way, you must go to The Burns."

We fear no competition in placing high-class stock before you. It will always be the best obtainable clean in every sense of the word, and house as comfortable as possible to be provided. Warm and well ventilated. We have too much money invested to experiment with second class attractions.

SULLIVAN & CONSIDINE  
VAUDEVILLE AT THE  
GRAND—4 DAYS THIS WEEK

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of this week, the management of the Grand Opera house offers Sullivan & Conidine Vaudeville at popular prices.

Three performances daily. Matinee, 2:45; evening, 7:30 and 9:15. Matinee prices, 10 and 25 cents; evening, 10, 20 and 30 cents. First performance evenings, reserved seats.

Six Sullivan & Conidine acts will be on the bill.

Good music, clean comedy, moving dancing.

Cliff Fay's own sister will be seen on this week's bill. Madge Milton bearing her stage name, Curran & Milton present "Jimmie Girl." The Detroit Free Press says: "It is clean, legitimate comedy. Curran & Milton provide one of the best bills of the season.

Horror and Hi-Fi singing, talk and novelty dancing will be seen this week.

Harry Young, monologist and eccentric dancer.

Spode & Seide, classic songs.

Tillie Sisters, "These Two English Girls."

"Ragtime Billiken" Johnson, in three new rag songs.

"Go where everyone goes."

At regular prices.

CHILDREN CRY  
FOR FLETCHER'S

LEAGUE  
Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASIORIA  
Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASIORIA

IS NOT ASHAMED OF  
GOSPEL OF CHRIST

MONTREAL, Sept. 22.—Pastor G. L. Fletcher, who died two days ago, here to day, one of the Princess theater, before a very large audience. An American abolitionist preacher, whose popularity is in the provinces, and the immense audience that everywhere here gathered is proof that the true gospel, which he preaches, has to some extent found a responsive chord in hundreds of thousands of Canadian hearts.

One of his addresses while here was from the words of St. Paul, which, in brief, was as follows: "Moreover, brethren, I declare unto you the gospel which I preached unto you. How that Christ died for our sins, according to the scriptures; and that he was

buried, and that he rose again the third day."—I Cor. xv. 14.

"Wonderful, indeed, is so complete a statement of the gospel in so few words," St. Paul, like the rest of us, would have said more without the guidance of inspiration, would have said too much.

Our text teaches that we are sinners, and also that our sins are beyond our power to wash away. This is a fundamental doctrine of the Christian religion. The failure of many to realize this, that we are all imperfect, has hindered them from seeing the necessity for a Savior, and therefore the necessity for accepting Jesus as their Redeemer.

"To say that we are sinners," said Pastor Russell, "implies a state of absolute righteousness existing in us."

"Christ Died for Our Sins."

The Christ in one of our newspapers implies that our sins had a death penalty attached to them. This obscures that that death penalty was not one because a just God could not punish unfairly. The justice of a death penalty implies a high degree of indifference on the part of the sinner, and that he was in condition in which he could not have needed to die if he had not sinned. All this corroborates exactly the testimony of the old and the New Testament. See the text, "He died for us."

Like St. Paul, Pastor G. L. Fletcher constantly preached with the entire courage of his convictions. I am accustomed to the gospel of Christ. The message of the heart, according to the pastor, is that the opportunity for the redemption of mankind is to be exceedingly wide and full. He frequently believed the Bible teaching of the original sin of Father Adam pronouncing all mankind into the dying and death state. He as strongly preaches the little bit of a release for all on the basis of the precious blood of Jesus, who as St. Paul declares, "died for every man." Continuing his convincing logic, the pastor said:

"The scriptural prophecy that Christ died for our sins further implies that Christ was not of the fallen race, for had he been he also would have been a sinner, and how could a sinner have died for our sins? How could such a death have been of any value to mankind?"

"Thus our text teaches that Jesus was indeed the lamb of God who took away the sin of the world, and that God so loved the world, that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth on him should not perish, but have everlasting life. The whole force of our text today is that the death of our Lord Jesus is the greatest human salvation that ever came into the world. We're not sinners and we're not bad, we would have needed to die for us. Were it not for release from sin and death, God would not have sent his Son."

"As a great oak may be said to be

the ancestor of all trees, so Christ is the ancestor of all men."

Pastor G. L. Fletcher proceeded to tell us that the uncleaning Jews, the remaining members of the International Sunday School Association, were the natural teachers and therefore had the best opportunity of becoming members of Christ's body as Christ. In fact, it is believed that Jesus excluded from the scriptural female time of forty years only three and a half years after the crucifixion.

During those three and a half years the Lord's providence so blessed the Jews that they were all brought in contact with the truth under most favorable conditions. We remember that thousands were converted and blessed.

He was accepted of those hardened Gentiles indeed, in whom was no faith.

St. Paul proceeds to tell us that

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Published every day in the year at The Gazette Building by the  
COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE CO.

CLARENCE P. DODGE President  
CHARLES T. WILDER Editor  
M. A. EGE Business Manager

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ONE YEAR—SUNDAY ONLY..... \$12.00  
ONE YEAR—WEEKLY..... \$1.00

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MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1912.

## WALL STREETS SEESAW

COLONEL ROOSEVELT very aptly illustrated the relation of Wall Street, as a bipartisan machine, to the political parties of the nation when he said that Wall Street played see-saw and was the winner whether one party was up or the other.

The people of Colorado have reason to be familiar with the simile brought out. The Denver machine is bipartisan. One year it contributes to one campaign fund and the next year to another, or perhaps in one year it may contribute to both, knowing that the success of either of the old parties can do it no harm, for the candidates are picked by these corporation machines.

Nationally the position of the money interests of Wall Street is identical with that of the monied interests of Colorado.

These men possess no party fealty. They care not for party labels and a Democrat looks to them the same as a Republican.

Colonel Roosevelt said that the people could procure an idea of conditions if they would picture in their minds a see-saw. On one end of the plank they would find Mr. Wilson on the other end Mr. Taft. Wall Street represented the medium in the middle balancing the plank. Whether one side was up or the other down made no difference to the money power their position in the middle was always even and easily maintained.

The people are beginning to realize that this statement is true and with this realization has come a determination to put an end to it. There can be no doubt regarding the changed sentiment. The people are patient and long suffering. They are, a majority of them at least, busy battling for bread and butter. Believing that government meant what it said they have plodded along hoping that the time might come when honest public servants would be elected to conduct their affairs for them. Disappointment has followed disappointment.

At first the people met these disappointments with surprise, then with resentment and now they are meeting them with anger.

The official who proves recreant to the trust reposed in him in the future must reckon with those who clothed him with credentials to act as their servant.

The man of the future will not be measured by the platitudes he spreads so riotously before the people. His deeds will represent the measure. If he makes promises and fails to keep them the people will see that they have the power to recall him.

To permit him to proceed in the termination of his term holds no hope for the lover of better government. Before that period has passed he has achieved the results desired by his masters, the corporations.

## A POTENT INFLUENCE

TAFT papers are enjoying all manner of mirth at the expense of the suffrage plank in the Progressive platform. Before the campaign has closed, or the totals have been announced in November, their day of joy may turn to a night of sorrow.

The people of Colorado do not underestimate the moral influence of women in matters pertaining to things of human importance. It may be true that many of the women are not profound students of political economies. Few men are, but when it comes to a question or an issue affecting the material welfare of the home, of the children or of the better elements of the day, THE WOMEN CAN BE COUNTED UPON TO VOTE RIGHT.

The Progressive platform does not hold its greatest charm for women in its proposition to permit them the right of suffrage. A majority of them undoubtedly appreciate this, but its real influence over them will be found in its plain decision to make humanity better. To build character and to regard these fundamentals as the greatest contributing factors to national success and stability.

In other words, the Progressives ask that the national government shall bear the same relation to the people that the good

mother does to the home. It demands that the principles of purity and character shall be proclaimed first; that physical strength, honor and courage shall come next and that the matter of wealth and power and station shall follow.

When the great principles of character and moral strength are made the fundamentals and the questions of fame and glory and wealth shall be forced to follow, the politics of the country will have assumed their proper place in the theory of government.

Our friends need not worry regarding the trend of the women voters or the sympathies of the women of the land. When the votes have been counted they will be found on the side of good government and the Progressive principles.

## MOVING PICTURE POLITICS

PRESS reports would indicate that all the political parties expect to make campaigns through the medium of the moving picture shows. Each candidate is accompanied on his tour by a "movie" machine and these films are reproduced all over the country where the people can witness the oratorical feats gestures at least of their favorites.

And with all this the phonograph is to play a very important part. The candidates are making speeches to the machines and then the machines report them to the people.

Perhaps we may yet perfect the plan so that the movements and the voice with its inflection and everything else may be reproduced.

When that time comes a campaign of canned speeches, canned gestures, canned campaign songs and all these products can be seen and heard for a nickel. But would they possess the same convincing power?

Is it not a fact that there is a peculiar magnetism, a peculiar something that indicates to us whether or not a man is sincere? In other words, is there not a great deal in the old saying that one must possess something himself before he is able to impart it properly to others?

These instruments and appliances may displace the campaign orators, the great singers and great players, but nature will hardly be caught up in our time.

**FROM OTHER PENS.**  
RATES AT SUEZ AND PANAMA.

From the New York Tribune.

The action that the latest reduction of rates in the Suez canal was intended as an act of advance in rivalry with Panama is promptly repudiated. It is true that some months ago, at its annual meeting, the Suez company did decide upon a reduction of rates amounting to 10 cents a ton, the change to go into effect at the beginning of next year. But that was nothing extraordinary. From time to time hitherto the company has been doing precisely the same thing. It is practically required to do so by the provisions of its charter, which forbid it to pay dividends of more than 25 per cent per annum. A few years ago the dividends threatened to rise above that limit, in spite of lavish expenditures for bateaux, and the tolls were consequently reduced to \$1.35 a ton. Prosperity continued and this year the limit was again approached so closely that the company was constrained to cut off another half franc, or 10 cents. That reduced the tolls to \$1.25, or precisely what the Panama tolls are expected to be. Perhaps that coincidence suggested the suspicion of competition.

There will doubtless be competition between the two routes, but it will scarcely be such as to provoke a war of rates. Some European traffic which now goes by the way of Suez will find it advantageous to go by way of Panama instead. But that will be comparatively insignificant. What will be vastly more important will be the rivalry of ports and of countries; that is, if we ever have the enterprise to engage in it. The significant fact is that by the opening of the Panama canal New York, not to mention other American ports, will be placed two or three thousand miles nearer great southern and eastern markets such as New Zealand, Australia and Japan, than are the British ports. The implications of that fact are obvious. In addition to the commerce gained through such rivalry, Panama will receive the bulk of that which now goes around Cape Horn or through the Straits of Magellan, and also a large amount of entirely new commerce which will naturally arise through the increase of facilities. But a cut rate war between the United States government and the Suez Canal company is hardly to be expected.

## PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

From the Kansas City Star.

For the first time in a generation the status of presidential electors has been brought into question by the developments of the campaign. It was the theory of the framers of the constitution, of course, that the people were not in a position to decide who ought to be president. Therefore, they provided that no people be represented by electors who should be the picked men of the states, and should exercise their wisdom in the selection of the executive head of the government.

The constitution made the electors state officers. It says that "each state shall appoint in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in congress."

Acting on this theory the states always have taken complete charge of the method of choosing the electors. At the outset they were chosen by the state legislatures. Gradually the people of each state took over the privileges, and the choice was removed from the legislatures. South Carolina retained the legislative choice down to the Civil war. Even as late as 1858 Colorado permitted its legislature to name the electors.

In the earlier elections by popular vote, each voter usually voted for three electors, one for his congressional district and two for the state at large. This plan often divided the electoral vote of a state, in order to give each state more weight in the election. The politicians soon favored the plan of a general statewide electoral ticket. Since 1832 this has been the customary plan. An exception was made in Michigan for the election of 1892. That state went back to the district plan in that year in order to save part of the electoral votes for the Democratic party.

The electors then are completely under the control of the state. The legislature could permit the governor to appoint them, if it so desired. It can make any provision it pleases for their selection.

Moreover, under the constitutional theory the elector is a free agent, and he may vote for any

candidate he pleases. In 1820, for instance, William Plumer, a New Hampshire elector, voted for John Quincy Adams instead of for President Monroe, for whom all the other electors voted. He distrusted Monroe and so refused to abide by state instructions. Under the practice since that time, however, electors are held to be bound in honor to vote for the candidate for whom their state instructs them.

In connection with this review of the electoral question, an incident in the election of 1860 is of interest. In that year a fusion ticket was arranged in New Jersey against the Republican ticket. The fusion ticket included three electors for Douglas, two for Breckinridge, and two for Bell. The three Douglas electors were chosen, but in place of the other four fusionists, four Republican electors were named. So the state gave three votes for Douglas and four for Lincoln.

## THE LAND OF CHILDREN.

From the Chicago Tribune.

In the steerage of an Atlantic liner bound for the new world a child became sick when the steamer was only two days within sight of the Statue of Liberty. The immigrant parents clung to the ship doctor with pitiful pleas to save their baby. The doctor held out no hope. The baby was dying.

"But he must live to see America," the dazed father gasped in despair. "It is for the boy that we came."

Much of the emigrating to the United States from the old world is done by parents for the sake of their children. And they are right in doing it. Nowhere, in the whole, are children of the poor given greater opportunities than in this country. America is the land of children.

The middle-aged immigrant may not always get the best of the bargains in the new world. America may not always be a promised land to him. His ignorance of the language may compel him to go into least paying occupations. He is often compelled to take too great a share in the risks and accidents of industry. His living in the slums, necessitated by his unfamiliarity with the language and the life of the country, exposes him perhaps too much to those diseases directly traceable to filth and congestion.

To the immigrant child, however, America is a promised land. In the public schools the child of the tenement is on a footing of equality with the child of the avenue home. They start out in the race of life with the same equipment and the same advantages, at least as far as the municipality is concerned. And the immigrant child is a winner in this race as often as the American child.

There are innumerable roads leading from the slums to the boulevards. The man whose life was spent in a dingy sweatshop is often the father of a son who is high in the professions, in commerce and industry. There are many paths leading from the slums to the colleges and universities. The man whose English is limited to two dozen words is often the father of sons and daughters who enjoy the highest cultural advantages the new world can offer.

If censuses were taken of the number who began life in slum tenements, but who have "graduated" into homes on the avenues and boulevards, there would be discovered a wealth of romance to brighten the otherwise sinister slum problems.

This ink is contained in little bottles put up by nature herself—the receptacles in question being certain whelks or sea snails, of the species known to science as *purple lapisillus*. If the shell of one of these whelks be broken, there will be found, just under the skin of the shell, a slender whitish vein containing a yellow liquor. The latter, when applied to linen with a small brush and exposed to the sun, turns first green, then blue, then purple, and finally, a brilliant crimson. Nothing will wash it out.

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LEST it be supposed that the notion of obtaining dyes from marine mollusks is at all new, it is worth explaining that the famous Tyrian purple, used by the ancients, which is the most famous of all dyes, was got from two species of sea snails. This color was deemed too splendid for any but royalty and the nobility. In the days of imperial Rome, the cost of one pound of wool dyed with it being \$175.

The dye was separated by a tedious process, the whelks being pounded in a mortar, and the liquor thus obtained diluted with a mixture of water and urine. Thus was produced what would be called today a "purple of ammonia," which when applied to wool gave to the latter the most beautiful color effects, ranging from metallic crimson to purple in different lights.

Such was the celebrated Tyrian purple of the ancients. A much simpler and cheaper method of producing it, from guano, is now understood—though it is still known commercially as "murexide," after the Latin name of the mollusks from which the stuff was originally derived. A glance at any good dictionary, under the word "murex," will lend brief but interesting confirmation to the statements here given.

**MOTION PICTURES IN U. S.**

From the Wall Street Journal.

Every motion picture theater is showing an average of five separate pictures a day. There are about 1,000 feet of film to every picture and, as the number of picture theaters has reached the large total of 25,000 in this country alone, a close calculation will reveal the astonishing total of 125,000,000 feet of film being used every day in the United States for the amusement and education of the public. Every year, therefore, 45,000,000,000 feet of film are being used in this industry, and the business is growing. All of these films are used over and over again, as they are shown successively in different cities.

An instance of the great educational work the motion picture is doing may be had in the recent impressive naval ceremony of the burial of the battleship Maine, seven miles off the coast of Cuba. At the very small average of 500 people per day to each theater, more than 12,000,000 people of the United States witnessed the beautifully clear and true motion picture reproduction of the event without leaving their neighborhood, for the majority of instances, a 5-cent piece.

Angels make devils sometimes, I think, and good, sense and badness are complementary to a greater degree than we realize.

If you will look about you, you will see that the world is full of people who are cross and folks who let people be cross to them; children who are disorderly and mothers who patiently pick up after them; husbands who are overbearing and wives who are under spirited; wives who are outrageously extravagant and husbands who indulge them; folks who are eternally selfish and other folks who let them to be so by their self-efacement.

Now, do these sufferers deserve as much pity as they usually receive, so long as they help maintain the cause of their sufferings?

Probably most of them would tell you that nothing they could do would have any effect on the offenders. I think they are mistaken.

I think a great many of these people who impose on others in one way or another could be treated by homeopathic treatment. Homeopathic, I mean, as far as concerns the character of the dose, not the size. That is, they should be given doses of their own medicine.

Once upon a time there was a girl who was very disorderly and untidy about her room. Her mother fretted and fumed, but patiently picked up after her, and the girl grew worse instead of better. Finally she married a man who not only did not pick up after her, but who was extremely disorderly himself. The result of this dose of her own medicine was that she acquired the lacking bump of order.

Again, a woman who was naturally ultra-easy-going married a man who was some degrees more so. In this case the cure was even more speedy.

Now, wasn't it too bad that the housemates of these people didn't apply this treatment years before?

Of course, there are many chronic and aggravated cases of unlikeness that even the homeopathic treatment won't cure, but I am sure that it will always help.

The electors then are completely under the control of the state. The legislature could permit the governor to appoint them, if it so desired. It can make any provision it pleases for their selection.

Moreover, under the constitutional theory the elector is a free agent, and he may vote for any



Don't fail to read "Polly of the Hospital Staff." It is a ray of sunshine. Price \$1.00.

HARDY'S  
16 N. Tejon

## THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

September 23, 1882.

The first annual fall meeting of the Colorado Springs Athletic association was held at the grounds in the northern part of the city and was highly successful. There were 14 different races and field games, nearly all of which were closely contested.

The workmen engaged on the new hotel (the first Antlers) had a group photograph taken.

Ex-Mayor Curr was building an addition to his residence on the corner of Tejon and St. Vrain streets.

## THE HASKIN LETTER

## HYGIENE AND SANITATION

## X. THE FIGHT AGAINST MENTAL DISEASES

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

The proceedings of that section of the International Congress of Hygiene and Demography which deals with the prevention of mental diseases will be ranked among the most interesting features of the sessions of the big organization.

Along with other non-contagious diseases, insanity is making heavy inroads upon the health of the nation. While the sick rate and the death rate from all germ-caused diseases is constantly declining, through the increasing effectiveness of hygienic measures, the opposite is true of those diseases which are not caused by germs, and notably true of mental diseases.

It has been shown, for instance, that there are approximately three times as many insane people in United States today as there were before the Civil War, in proportion to the population.

The United States now has a national organization for the extension of hygienic measures against mental diseases, and it will tell, through what its leading members, just what has been accomplished along that line. It is generally recognized

You'll have to take your hat off to his store's showing of Fall Hats.

Including as it does, the cream of half dozen foreign makers, and the best from Knox, from Stetson, and from Croft-Knapp.

\$3, \$4, and \$5 to \$10

## Perkins Shearer &

### DR. SPENCER DISCUSSES "FAITH VERSUS FATE"

The mass meeting for men at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon was addressed by Dr. James H. Spencer, pastor of the First Baptist church, on "Faith versus Fate." J. C. Schneider had charge of the song service, and also gave a solo. The attendance at the meeting was good.

In developing his subject, Dr. Spencer read the first seven verses of the eleventh chapter of Hebrews, which deals with faith. He took the text itself from I Chronicles iv: 9-10, as follows:

"And Jabez was more honorable than his brethren; and his mother called his name Jabez, saying: 'Because I bare him in sorrow.'

"And Jabez called on the God of Israel, saying: 'O, that thou wouldest bless me indeed, and enlarge my coast, and that thine hand might be with me, and that thou wouldest keep me from evil, that it may not grieve me!' And he granted him that which he requested."

Discussing this, Dr. Spencer said in part:

"There are a great many obscure things in obscure characters that give us great lessons. There is much in a name, but sometimes a detriment in a name can be overcome. While Jabez was obscure, he was found more honorable than his brethren and was recognized in Bible history. Because of faith, he overcame all things and conquered."

"Men of today are not like Jabez—they rely on self, not on God. Big concerns rely on seven days of work to prosper them, more than they rely on God by working only six days and granting the one day of rest. Jabez put faith against fate. He called on God, and he helped him. It would be so with everybody who would do like him. The help comes through prayer. The history of our faith is one long answer to prayer, and yet Christians will wonder at this. Although we do not always recognize it, God answers prayer in his church every day. The man of prayer has faith and mocks fate. His life will be successful, although it may not be conspicuous. Faith is always honorable and always produces the desired results."

### CARTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Been

#### The Haskin Letter

HYGIENE AND SANITATION  
X—THE FIGHT AGAINST MEN-  
TAL DISEASES  
By FREDERICK J. HASKIN.

(Continued from Page Four)

that it would be too expensive. The advocates of the plan admit that it would cost a great deal, but that inasmuch as it would largely wipe out the almshouse and cut down the prison population, the financial saving would about counterbalance the expense. Furthermore, it is urged, whereas poor-houses and prisons are a heavy burden on the taxpayer, these colonies, under intelligent supervision could be made largely self-supporting. Those who urge sentimental reasons against this course are met with the assertion that a visit to some of the best managed institutions for the feeble-minded will prove that there the inmates find the happiest places in the world for them. It is pointed out that no one need be sent to these colonies unless they show a tendency to go wrong or seek a license to marry. The discussions of the congress upon the subject of mental hygiene will also deal with the education of the feeble-minded, suicides in childhood, and the prevention of epilepsy.

Tomorrow:  
HYGIENE AND SANITATION.  
XI—Occupational Diseases.  
The strength of five men is equivalent to that of one average horse.

### WHAT NOTED MEN SAY ON NEED OF THIRD PARTY

These three reasons for the necessity of a new party have been advanced by three men now before the public—

#### COLONEL ROOSEVELT.

It seems to me that the time is ripe, and overripe, for a genuine Progressive movement. Nationwide and justice-loving, sprung from and responsible to the people themselves, and separated by a great gulf from both of the old party organizations, while representing all that is best in the hopes, beliefs, and aspirations of the plain people who make up the immense majority of the rank and file of both the old parties.

The first essential thing in the Progressive program is the right of the people to rule.

### DR. SLOCUM GIVES OPENING ADDRESS

Talks at First Vespers on  
"The Call of God to College  
Students."

President W. F. Slocum yesterday afternoon spoke before a large audience of students and townspeople at the first Colorado college vespers service for the season. He chose as his subject, "The Call of God to College Students," taking as his text words from the second verse of the sixty-first Psalm, "Lead me to the rock that is higher than I."

The sermon was a strong and earnest appeal for high ideals and high living; for a life of service to men and consecration to God.

"A noble discontent is the mark of a noble mind, and every one who is noble wants to be better than he is," said the speaker. "In the aspiration to be better and nobler, one finds true stability of character. There is no such thing as standing still; it is either forward or backward. He who fancies that he has gained his honors and may rest on them, he who fancies that he has done his work and may now repose, is already on the backward road. As we come up to our new college year, therefore, let us recognize that what we have already done is not adequate for life or what God demands of us."

Referring to the more immediate duties of life, President Slocum said:

"These are days when men are asking if this thing or that will not solve our difficulties, this doctrine or that ism. But it is not this doctrine or that ism."

"This thing or that which will really save our country. It is only when our people really turn to God and learn to know him, that the home will be conserved and the nation will be led to salvation. This is the lesson of all history, and we shall go down as other nations have gone down if the consciousness of God does not come to our people."

The vespers services will continue throughout the year at 5 o'clock every Sunday afternoon in Perkins hall. Townspeople are always welcome.

### Visiting Bishops at St. Francis Services

The Rt. Rev. Bishop C. van De Ven of Alexandria, La., and the Rt. Rev. Bishop Theodore Meerschaert of Oklahoma City, Okla., who are visiting for a short time at St. Francis hospital, had charge of the services in the chapel at the hospital yesterday. In the morning Bishop van De Ven spoke on "The Love of God and Your Neighbor," and in the evening Bishop Meerschaert delivered a sermon on "The Blessed Virgin Mary." After the sermon at the evening services the usual choral services were held, and Bishop Meerschaert gave the benediction.

### Record Sept. Business at Cave of the Winds

The business at the Cave of the Winds Saturday and yesterday made a record for the attraction for September, more than 700 people visiting the Cave in the two days. Eighty-seven G. A. R. men were among the visitors, they being all in one party Saturday; 106 of the fire chiefs were there, and yesterday 150 of them attended. Other traffic besides these three parties was very heavy.

### STRONGLY AGAINST WILSON

Federation fails to endorse Wilson

The executive council of the American Federation of Labor held a meeting in Washington, D. C., August 16, among other things to consider the endorsement of political candidates for the presidency.

Some of the leading officials of the federation, and many of its organizers, had been working hard for the nomination of Champ Clark on the Democratic ticket. President Gompers and Secretary Morrison, both of whom are Democrats, were much disappointed when Champ Clark, who has always been friendly to the cause of labor, was defeated at the Baltimore convention.

At the recent meeting of the executive council, President Gompers, true to his Democratic faith, proposed the endorsement of Woodrow Wilson, but, on account of the many writings and lectures of Governor Wilson unfavorable to the trades union cause, this proposition was very ily received.

Each of the four leading candidates had friends and supporters on the executive council, and the Socialist element were extremely antagonistic to Governor Wilson or the endorsement of anyone at this time. This idea prevailed, but the federation will probably issue a statement on the political situation between now and election time.

It is becoming more and more apparent that Gompers' Woodrow Wilson will find it hard task to explain away to the trades unionists of this country his economic writings on questions that affect labor.

### WILL SPEAK ON "SOME NEEDED REFORMS IN CITY"

The Rev. S. E. Brewster will address the Ministerial association this morning at 11 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. His subject will be "Some Needed Reforms in Colorado Springs."

### SENATOR BEVERIDGE.

The root of the wrongs which hurt the people is the fact that the people's government has been taken away from them. Their government must be given back to the people. And so the first purpose of the Progressive party is to make sure the rule of the people.

The Progressive motto is "Prosperity around the world."

The Democratic platform declares for free trade, but free trade is wrong and ruinous. The Republican platform permits extortion, but tariff extortion is robbery by law. The Progressive party is for honest protection; and honest protection is right and a condition of American prosperity.

### W. A. RAINHEY FOUND DEAD IN BATHTUB

Walter A. Rainey, aged 60, was found dead in a bathtub in a rooming house at 29 South Cascade avenue, of which he was proprietor, by his son, Allen, aged 13, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. Death was due to heart failure, superinduced by excessive use of tobacco. Becoming plumped after Mrs. Rainey had remained in the bathroom for almost an hour, members of the house hold decided to make an investigation. Allen knocked on the bathroom door and receiving no response forced an entrance. He found his father's body in the tub, which was partially filled with water.

Mrs. Rainey died about 18 months ago. There are two children at home, Helen, aged 15, and Allen, S. W. Rainey, another son, lives in Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. Rainey was engaged in the poultry and grocery business at 306 East Pikes Peak avenue, under the firm name of Rainey & Reece.

As he entered the bathroom shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning, Mr. Rainey joked with one of the roomers about his health, saying that he was glad to be well again, after a slight attack of rheumatism. "Don't you wish you were as well as I am?" he remarked, and in about half an hour he was dead.

The family came here six years ago from Lulu, Miss. Funeral arrangements have not been completed, pending the arrival of the son from Memphis, and two brothers from Mississippi. Burial will be made in this city. No inquest will be held.

A Minnesota editor, A. M. Wells of the Saug Center Herald, has set a new pace for those who are taking straw votes to test the popularity of the candidates for president. Mr. Wells' paper circulates over five counties in his state, and he decided to get an approximate idea of the political faith of his readers. He sent 400 letters to five men, one in each of these counties, asking them to distribute the letters among the voters. In the group were one lawyer, one newspaper man, one business man and two farmers.

He got 225 replies with this result: Roosevelt ..... 122 Wilson ..... 61 Taft ..... 13 Debs ..... 1 KANSAS FARM EXCHANGED FOR COLORADO FARM

R. J. Seaman, Exchange Specialist, with offices in the First National Bank building, in conjunction with others, reports the following exchange:

Mrs. Lelia M. Stark of the Colorado Springs Gazette, candidate for county superintendent of schools on the Democratic ticket, is well known in Colorado Springs. Born and reared in El Paso county, and a member of its pioneer society, she comes before the voters as a capable and enthusiastic teacher and one well qualified by training and experience to fill the office of county superintendent.

Mrs. Stark is Colorado educated. She is a graduate of the Colorado Springs public schools and of the State Normal school at Greeley, and has taken two years' work at Colorado college. For the past five years she has been a teacher in the Columbia school, owing to the fact that she has also had experience in the country schools of El Paso county, she is unusually well acquainted with the problems and needs of the rural districts.

If elected, Miss Stark pledges a practical and conscientious administration.

### ROOSEVELT'S REMARKABLE LEAD IN A STRAW VOTE

A Minnesota editor, A. M. Wells of the Saug Center Herald, has set a new pace for those who are taking straw votes to test the popularity of the candidates for president. Mr. Wells' paper circulates over five counties in his state, and he decided to get an approximate idea of the political faith of his readers. He sent 400 letters to five men, one in each of these counties, asking them to distribute the letters among the voters. In the group were one lawyer, one newspaper man, one business man and two farmers.

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The machinery of the Star Laundry at 115 North Tejon street is to be closed for the winter, but the office of the laundry will be kept open to handle the business. The work will be divided between the Elite and Colorado Springs laundries, all three being owned by the Colorado Springs Laundry company.

LAUNDRY PLANT CLOSED;  
OFFICE HANDLES BUSINESS

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### MERCHANTS TO MEET AT CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

President Giddings and Secretary Henderson of the Chamber of Commerce have issued a call for a special meeting of the merchants branch of the organization to be held at 7:30 o'clock this evening in the Chamber of Commerce rooms in the Burns building. All retail merchants are urged to attend, as the purpose of the meeting is to consider important business affecting the retail interests.

### MRS. W. D. HEMMING DIES

After a long illness, Mrs. Dorothy Hemming, aged 25, wife of Wilmer D. Hemming, assistant cashier of the El Paso National bank, died at the family residence, 1123 North Cascade avenue, early yesterday morning. She was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Byron Weston of Dalton, Mass., and had lived in Colorado Springs for the last five years.

In addition to her husband, she is survived by two sisters and three brothers, as follows: Mrs. John McWilliams of Pasadena, Cal.; Mrs. Hale Holton of Chicago, and Phillip, Frank and Donald Weston, all of Dalton, Mass.

Mr. Hemming will leave with the body this morning for the old home at Dalton, where interment will be held. C. C. Hemming, father of Wilmer D. Hemming, is president of the El Paso National bank.

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# SPOR'N' NEWS

Zooz Whip  
Robbins in  
16-0 Game

COMMISSION HAS A  
BIG JOB CHOOSING  
BEST PLAYER-1912

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The Chalmers commission, composed of a representative body of newspaper men, is accomplishing a work not only of general interest, but also of real service. For it devolves upon this commission, as everyone knows, to determine究竟ly who is the leading player in the National and American leagues.

Hastings was in the best form of the season and mixed up everything in the way of a deceptive delivery with such success that three scattered hits was all the Robbins could secure. He walked only two and struck out nine, only two Robbins players reaching third. Fuller and Moates were both wild, and were hit twice, but errors behind them contributed to the scoring.

**Fireworks in Third.**

The Zooz started in the third, when walks to Dixon and Galli and hits by Hastings and Fittersperger netted three runs. Two more were added in the fourth and fifth and in the sixth, after Fuller had been replaced by Moates, four hits, three walks and a couple of errors brought it seven. Four more hits in the eighth brought it as many more.

Next Sunday the Zooz will play the all-Chinese team of Honolulu, which is one of the biggest drawing cards in the baseball-life ever seen in this city. Every member of the team is a Chinaman, and they are said to be the fast-aggregation of orientals that has ever toured this country. In the last few weeks they have been meeting league teams throughout the east and are now on their return trip.

**To Play Denver Grizzlies.**

Negotiations are also under way for a game on Monday, September 29, between the Zooz, who are recognized as the semi-professional champions of the Rocky Mountain region, and the Denver Grizzlies, probable champions of the Western League. This game is likely to be the last of the local season. The score:

ZOOZ 16-0 GRIZZLIES 16-0

ABR. H. P. A. E.  
Gall. 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Hastings. p. 1-0 2-3 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Fittersperger. ss 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Giesen. 3b 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Fuller. 1b 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Moates. rf 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Dixon. ss 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
McArdle. lf 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0  
Dixon. c 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0

Total 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0

TOPS 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0

Bottom 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0 16-0

Score: 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0 1-0

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ZOOZ

**Wants****Wants****Wants****Wants****BARGAIN****BARGAIN****BARGAIN****Wants****WANTED - Male Help****FOR RENT HOUSES****Furnished****FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED**

Good, hustling man, of ability, to take interest in well-established, well-paying business; can either buy an interest or work for an interest; remember, we want a good, live hustler, with good recommendations; the other kind will please not answer my query. — S. 44 Gazette.

**WANTED**—Salesman, lady or gentleman to travel for a school supply house; good money for producers. Address, giving past record, to S. 3 Gazette.

**WANTED**—First-class carpenters to exchange work for lots; part cash paid. The Hastings-Allen Realty & Building Co., 110 N. Tejon.

**WANTED**—Laborer to rent furnished cabin, \$1 a week. Fred, 224 W. Chaffee.

**TEAMS** for work on reservoir near Cascade; \$5.00 per day. Call 412 Mining Exchange Bldg.

**SOLICITOR** for retail trade; man or woman; permanent position. S. 51 Gazette.

A MAN with business ability; good paying position; small capital needed. S. 81 Gazette.

**WANTED**—Common labor in exchange for mds. 216 N. Tejon.

**WANTED**—Section hands. Apply Cog Road, Manitou.

**WANTED**—A soda dispenser. Butcher Drug Company.

**WANTED**—Female Help

FOUR active, intelligent young women to travel; to interview business trade only. Call between 2:30 and 3 p.m. 502½ Colorado Ave., Colo. City.

HAVE your faded switches colored to match your hair; switches made over. Mrs. Anna Bathman's Hair Dressing Parlor, 27 E. Kiowa.

**WANTED**—Girl for general house-work. Call mornings, 1205 N. Nevada Ave.

**WANTED**—Competent general house-worker, family of three. Phone Main 1363.

AN experienced domestic for general house-work. 502½ Colorado Ave., Colorado City.

MISS MCGLOTHLIN has reopened her parlor millinery. Hats made over a specialty. 409 E. Platte.

MRS. HENDERSON, 122 E. Kiowa, furnishes experienced help, with references, both male and female.

**EMPLOYMENT BUREAU**—45 First National Bank Bldg. Mrs. Rhine. Phone Main 1405.

PARLOR millinery, old material worked over; have also some new hats. 416 N. Tejon.

**GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE- WORK**. PHONE MAIN 2821.

**WANTED**—Girl, general house work. Call morning, 124 E. Willamette.

**WANTED**—Girl for general house-work. Phone Main 1623, morning.

LADIES' used clothing bought and sold at 82 N. Weber. Phone 894.

**WANTED**—Situations

LADY stenographer, nine years experience, six years in government service, wants situation in good office building; small salary and light work with privilege of public work. Address S-40 Gazette.

WANTED—By young widow of refinement, position as housekeeper in widower's home; references exchanged. Address S-37 Gazette.

CULTURED and educated woman desires position as companion, tutor, governess, cashier or office girl. Phone Main 1172.

EXPERIENCED stenographer, rapid, accurate, wants permanent position afternoons. Address S-49 Gazette.

SEWING is the day; good references, call afternoons, evenings. Phone Main 2307.

YOUNG man, attending school, wishes work afternoons and Saturdays. Address S-35 Gazette.

COMPETENT cook wants position. Answer S-39 Gazette.

TO do tutoring in the high school branches. Address S-39 Gazette.

POSITION as driver or office assistant; 5 years' experience. S-45 Gaz.

WOMAN wishes to do washing and cleaning; city references. Red 473.

PRACTICAL nurse wants position. Address S-38 Gazette.

WASHING—24 doz. up. Wash and iron. 50¢ doz. up. 610 E. San Miguel.

**WANTED** Miscellaneous

WANTED—A few sick people to nurse back to health; sleeping porches; fine linens; plenty of milk and eggs. Phone M. 2686. 714 N. Hancock.

GENTLEMAN, wife and two children desire board and residence for winter months, with no sick people; state particulars. Address X-31 Gazette.

UMBRELLAS recovered and repaired; keys made. 20 E. Bijou. Chas. Bergerson.

SECURE modern rooms at Kennebec hotel. Winter rates. All the comforts.

WANTED—24 large maple trees. Apply 319 E. San Miguel City.

WILL trade piano for motorcycle. 117 E. Pikes Peak Ave. (near). M. 1812.

PARTY wishes to go to Florida. Address S-36 Gazette.

WANTED—Fresh coal. Phone 1998. 5 Cheyenne boulevard.

SANITY blades sharpened. Sun Drug Co. and Fiedler's cigar store.

**FOR RENT OFFICES**

FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or en suite. Gazette Building. Apply Gazette Business Office.

MODERN suite office rooms, ground floor, perfect heat; opposite North Park, 219 N. Nevada Ave.

COL. D. A. DIBB AUCTIONEER.

COL. D. A. DIBB AUCTIONEER.

CARPET CLEANING

THE old reliable firm, Cleaver's. Compressed air, and steam carpet cleaning and stuff rug weaving. Phone Main 3227.

SANITARY VACUUM CO.

Carpet cleaners, vacuum or compressed air. Phone Main 3279.

FOR RENT HOUSES

FURNISHED, RENTED, REPAIRED, BOUGHT AND SOLD all makes at reasonable rates. Supplies of every kind. ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO., 22 E. Kiowa St. Phone Main 374.

FACTORY REPAIRS

TYPEWRITERS RENTED, REPAIRED, BOUGHT AND SOLD all makes at reasonable rates. Supplies of every kind. ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO., 22 E. Kiowa St. Phone Main 374.

PHYSICAL CULTURE

BOXING, wrestling, health books, magazines. Meyer, state representative for Macfadden. El Poco Bldg.

Typewriters and Supplies

ITEMS

RENTED, REPAIRED, BOUGHT AND SOLD all makes at reasonable rates. Supplies of every kind. ZIMMERMAN SUPPLY CO., 22 E. Kiowa St. Phone Main 374.

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FACTORY REPAIRS

# YOUNG MOTHERS

## Personal Mention

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Raine of Denver are registered at the Alamo.

Lawrence C. Phillips Jr., of Denver arrived at the Antlers hotel yesterday.

A party of Japanese, 10 in number, from Tokio, are spending a few days at the Antlers.

Gen. E. B. Stilling of Boston, Mass., is spending a few days at the Acacia hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Tillman of Boston are in the city, and will spend some time in the Pikes Peak region.

Dr. H. Trossbach will leave tonight for New York on a business trip to be gone 10 days.

A party of 20 members of the G. A. R. returning from the convention in Los Angeles, are at the Alamo during their stay in this city.

Miss Vera M. Spangler leaves this morning for Clayton, N. M., to take a position in the city schools. She is a graduate of the Colorado Springs High School and the State Normal at Greeley, and has attended Colorado college for two years.

## Iron and Steel

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The most important developments in the steel situation last week was the placing of contracts for 500,000 tons of rails. York Central is the first of the large eastern systems to cover its next year's mainly for 1913 shipment. The New requirements, having distributed orders for 150,000 tons of standard sections.

Other rail contracts placed included 50,000 tons additional for the Santa Fe; 40,000 for the Great Northern; 22,000 for the Lackawanna; 10,000 for the Harriman Lines, and 5,000 tons additional for export to China.

All the large steel companies are quoting 1.35 for bars and 1.40 for structural plates ton Pittsburgh for shipment for the first quarter of next year but is believed the United States Steel corporation has determined to check any further advance in prices on this movement.

Heavy sales of pig iron were followed by a further advance of 25 to 50 cents each.

## THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—Forecast Colorado-Pair Monday: Tuesday, unsettled and cooler.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 4 p.m.:

Temperature at 6 a.m.	56
Temperature at 12 m.	62
Temperature at 6 p.m.	67
Maximum temperature	62
Minimum temperature	31
Max. temp. record	47
Min. temp. record	24
Max. bar. pres. record	30.00
Mean. vel. of wind per hour	8
Max. vel. of wind per hour	13
Relative humidity at noon	11
Precipitation in inches	5

## CITY BRIEFS

ELMAN advance sale confined to Subscribers. Musical Club course, 75c to \$1.50.

MUSICAL CLUB COURSE TICKETS, \$2.00 to \$6.00 for four concerts. Buy from members or Willis, Princess Theater building.

BIRTH—A daughter was born yesterday at Bethel hospital to Mr. and Mrs. V. L. Nomenaker, 431 East Huern street.

IMPROVING—W. Kenyon Jewett, who underwent an abdominal operation at the local sanatorium Saturday, was feeling only hot night. His condition is much improved and he is regarded as not seriously ill. He probably will be out in about two weeks. He is under the care of Dr. Gerald B. Webb.

AUTO PARTIES—Several automobile parties spent Sunday at the Alta Vista hotel. Among them were George W. May and party of five from Denver; August Emerting and party of six, Denver; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Thompson, Mrs. Zisch and Miss Henderson, Denver; Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Simpson and party of four, Denver; and E. F. Thiele, Grant, Harrison and Mr. Speckler of La Junta.

Madame Marie Goffe will receive pupils in French and Spanish, at her residence, 121 N. Cascade, after September 24.

The Pikes Peak Floral Co., Retail Florists, 104 N. Tejon St., Main 599.

We have at Colorado Springs, for cash, just or payment one of our famous Flambé jumbo model. Also one up-to-date and highly used. These instruments must be sold at once, and reasonable offers will be considered. THE JOHNSON MUSIC COMPANY, Denver, Colorado.

Have you had your annual physical examination? Come to us.

Established in 1871, With the Town

# Read Slowly and Assimilate These Facts

Full lot on best part of N. Nevada Ave. Extra well built house of 12 rooms. (Ideal) hot water heat, 2 fireplaces, 2 baths. Extra lavatory and toilets. 2 piazzas and large sleeping porch. Laundry room (3 tubs) on first floor. Handsomely decorated and painted and in perfect condition throughout.

ALL THIS FOR ONLY \$7,750  
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**WILLS, SPACKMAN & KENT**  
INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, LOANS  
GAZETTE BUILDING, 15 E. PIKES PEAK AVE.

## Daily News

### 'Abloid' Tea

"Just add hot water and serve."

Here's a new and convenient form of tea. You can always have exactly the same strength and quality without any trouble except to boil water.

Every cup is a fresh infusion of the finest quality of selected tea. There is no waste, hence it is more economical than ordinary tea; and so portable that a box containing 100 tablets can be slipped into a small pocket. Excellent for the home, picnics, picnics and camping parties.

### Burgess

PHONE MAIN EIGHTY-THREE  
112-114 N. TEJON ST.

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Phone 500-501 N. Tejon St., Columbia

### THE MODERN STEEL & IRON COMPANY

Machine Building, Repairing, Structural Iron and Sheet Metal Work

Foot Tenth St. (West Side)

Phone.....Main 3346

### EXPERT AUTOMOBILE REPAIRING

### AUTO SERVICE

PHONE 878

Fred L. Spear, Floyd Hullinger  
115 Pikes Peak Pharmacy

### COLORADO CLUB COFFEE

It's the Best Yet, 35c.

D. A. KEHOE

125 N. Tejon. Main 779

SELLING AT THE LOWER LEVELS REPRESENTED THE NECESSITIES OF SELLERS, RATHER THAN APPRAISEMENT OF VALUES.

VARIOUS CAUSES JOINED TO RELIEVE THE IMMEDIATE PRESSURE, OR STOCK MARKET BORROWERS, WITHOUT INSURING CONTINUANCE OF THE EASIER INFLUENCES. ACCOUNTS WERE TRANSFERRED TO INTERIOR BANKS, THE DEPOSIT ABILITIES IN NEW YORK THUS BEING REDUCED AND THE RESERVE REQUIREMENTS MODIFIED.

A REASSURING EFFECT WAS PRODUCED BY THE STEPS TAKEN BY THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT TO INFORM ITSELF OF THE DESIRABILITY OF RELEASED BY TREASURY DEPOSITS WITH THE BANKS.

THE BEGINNING OF THE GOLD IMPORT MOVEMENT, THE COMPARATIVE EQUALITY WITH WHICH IT WAS RECEIVED ABROAD AND THE FLUENCY OF THE GRAIN HARVESTS TO MARKET, AFFORDED ASSURANCE OF A SOURCE OF RELIEF FOR LEGITIMATE NEED OF MONEY.

COPPER WAS WELL BOUGHT, WITH SOME INDUCEMENT CAUSED BY LABOR TROUBLES IN THE U.S. MINE.

### HISTORY OF MOSAICS

From the New York Sun.

THE ART OF CHRISTIAN MOSAICS BEGAN TO DEVELOP IN THE FOURTH CENTURY AND HELD ITS PROMINENCE FOR 300 YEARS, BEING CHARACTERIZED BY SINGULAR BEAUTY AND MAGNIFICENCE. CHRISTIAN ARTISTS HAVE STRUCK OUT FOR THEMSELVES IN A FIELD OF DECORATION THAT WAS PRACTICALLY UNKNOWN BY THE ANCIENT ROMANS, WHO DID NOT SEEM TO HAVE REALIZED ITS POSSIBILITIES AS A COLOR FIELD.

BY APPLYING TO THE WALLS OF THE CHURCHES OF THE PATRIOTS.

### SKETCHES BY WIRELESS

FROM POPULAR MECHANICS.

SURPRISING RESULTS ARE BEING OBTAINED BY MEANS OF THE NEW INVENTION OF AN ITALIAN YOUTH, FRANCESCO DI BERNOCCHI, CALLED THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH, WHICH HAS RECENTLY BEEN TESTED BETWEEN MILAN AND TURIN. HIS APPARATUS IS FAR IN ADVANCE OF ANYTHING OF THE KIND YET RECORDED. BESIDES ORDINARY MESSAGES IT ALSO TRANSMITS AUTOGRAPHS, SHORTHAND CHARACTERS AND ALL SORTS OF DESIGNS. SO SIMPLE IS THE ARRANGEMENT THAT THE TRANSMITTER AND RECEIVER OF THIS INSTRUMENT MAY BE APPLIED WITH Ease TO ANY ORDINARY WIRELESS TELEGRAPH PLANT.

GENERAL SIR KHANJALI, THE ITALIAN MINISTER OF WAR, IS SO MUCH IMPRESSED BY

THE ENORMOUS ADVANTAGES OF THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH FOR TRANSMITTING ORDERS AND CONVEYING SKETCHES IN TIME OF WAR WITH THE UTTERMOST SECURETY, THAT STEPS

WERE IMMEDIATELY TAKEN TO SECURE FOR THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT EXCLUSIVE POSSESSION OF THE PATENT.

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### MOUNTAIN STATES TELEPHONE STOCK

BOOKS OF THE COMPANY CLOSE FOR THE NEXT QUARTERLY DIVIDEND

\$1.50 PER SHARE, SEPTEMBER 30. PAYABLE OCTOBER 15. WE WILL PAY

\$105 1/2 PER SHARE FOR THE STOCK IN ANY AMOUNT, AND OFFER A LIMITED

AMOUNT AT \$104 1/2.

### Newbold, Taylor & Gauss

BONDS AND INVESTMENTS

Fifth Floor Mining Exchange Building

PHONE MAIN 124

### HAGER & SMITH

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Buite 401, Mining Exchange Building

We offer for investment preferred stocks of well established

public utility companies to net the investor from six to

seven per cent per annum.

### PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS AND STOCKS

Broad market, good yield and high degree of safety make

them the most satisfactory investment. Write us for circulars.

### JAMES N. WRIGHT & CO.

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We offer a small block of

### GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO'S

Preferred and Common Stock

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Preferred pays 1% per cent, and Common 1/4% per cent, quarterly.

An absolutely safe investment in one of the leading Patented Industrials doing

business in all civilized countries.

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THE CHAS. T. HENIG INSURANCE AND INVESTMENT CO.

Phone Main 897.

29 N. Tejon St.

## Wonder Washer

### NO LABOR SAVES CLOTHES

TRY IT



H. L. DWYER & CO.  
HARDWARE CO.

### DR. PIERCE'S OLD MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS,

capital churches these almost impermeable mosaic cubes of marble and colored glass, with their consequent glow of color, we find mosaic paintings influencing the whole trend of interior decoration for nearly a thousand years. Gradual deterioration of art is discernible in the Eighth and Ninth centuries and almost complete prostration took place in the Tenth century.

It sprang into life in the Eleventh, creditable work was produced in the following century and a notable impulse was given to it in the Thirteenth century, when it began again to be largely employed as a decorative medium. Since the days of the Renaissance, however, and until recently mosaic work has been almost entirely relegated to the mechanical industrial arts, its object being the reproduction of the works of the great masters in oil. In the Nineteenth century mosaic work was again called into life and at the present time its value as a decorative medium is being more and more realized.

There is a Twelfth century church in Palermo that may well be regarded as a model of all that ecclesiastical decoration should be, says the Ecclesiastical Review. It is the Cappella Palatina in the royal palace of that sunny Sicilian capital. Scarce a detail of its gorgeous interior needs alteration or could be improved upon, and from every point of view it has achieved a perfection unattained in any other edifice in Christendom. The Cappella Palatina was erected in 1130 by Roger II, and its materials are the richest and rarest that the earth has produced. Not a square inch of the surface is destitute of exquisite gemmed work in the precious marbles and mosaics.

GENERAL INFORMATION

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The beginning of the gold import movement, the comparative equality with which it was received abroad and the flowing tide of the grain harvests to market, afforded assurance of a source of relief for legitimate need of money.

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